Local Planning Scheme **Appeal Reference Description of Scheme** Appellant Appeal Decision Issues Summary Authority Development proposed is APP/Y9507/W/21/3269823 Astley House, Spital demolition of the vacant South Downs National Kitewood (Astley Dismissed Road, Lewes BN7 1PW building and the construction Park Authority Heights) Limited APP/Y9507/W/22/3295783 of 28 residential units were not sufficient to outweigh these impacts. Duke's Field, Down Ampney, Development proposed is the Cotswold District Cotswold Homes APP/F1610/W/22/3296904 Dismissed Gloucestershire GL7 erection of 10 dwellings Council Limited 5PQ Station Road, Great Shelford, Redevelopment to form 39 South Cambridgeshire Churchill Retirement APP/W0530/W/22/3296300 Allowed Cambridgeshire CB22 Living Ltd retirement living apartments District Council 5LT

Housing appeal decisions for w/c 3 October 2022*

Alternative proposals on a brownfield site. The schemes both proposed 28 homes for a site which was allocated for housing, located next to the town's extensive conservation area, with a number of buildings of townscape merit nearby. Both schemes would be overbearing in the street scene and out of keeping with cohesive local architecture. The incongruous design and the scale of the apartment building would be stark and apparent in views from within the conservation area. The proposals would also result in the loss of mature trees on the site. The identified harm to the character and appearance of the area, as well as to heritage assets, brought the scheme into conflict with the development plan. There would also be harm arising from a proposed mix of housing not reflecting local need. The considerable benefits of the development

Proposal on allocated housing land on the edge of a village. The overall scale and layout of development on the vacant plot reflected that found in other parts of the village and with retained frontage hedge and trees, and would appear in-keeping. However, the increase in population from the proposed development, in combination with other developments, had the potential to cause significant effects as a result of increasing recreational pressure on a lowland hay meadow habitat located just over two kilometres from the site. Adverse effects on the integrity of the special area of conservation could not be ruled out until mitigation measures were in place. A contribution via a unilateral undertaking did not meet the relevant NPPF and CIL tests and carried no weight because an updated mitigation strategy was currently being prepared. Whilst small schemes on their own may generate small numbers of additional visitors, cumulatively the numbers would be more significant, and there was a likelihood that future occupiers may visit the site especially when the wild flowers were in bloom, adding to identified problems of trampling and path widening. This harm outweighed the benefits of the scheme.

Proposal on the site of a vacant commercial yard and buildings in a large village secured permission. The overall amount, although on the smaller side, of private and communal outdoor space was suitable having regard to the likely age of the occupiers of the development and the type of accommodation proposed, noting that the council's design guide did not distinguish between family and older persons' housing. While some of the upper floor flats would have balconies, the majority would not due to issues of proximity to a railway line and overlooking of neighbours. This did not comply with a design guide recommendation that upper floor apartments should have access to a private balcony in addition to the use of a communal garden and this counted against the scheme. In the overall planning balance, this small degree of conflict with the development plan was outweighed by the benefits of meeting an identified need for retirement housing and associated spin-off benefits.

Land South of (East of Griffin Place) Radwinter Road, Sewards End, Saffron Walden CB10 2LB	APP/C1570/W/22/3296426	Outline application for the erection of up to 233 residential dwellings	Uttlesford District Council	Rosconn Strategic Land	Allowed	Proposal on agricultural lan council had refused the ap However, the town counc continued their opposition a main parties that the counc housing land. The propose sustainable transport meas any additional need for loca from the development. On of a listed church, othe conservation area from off- development would not res and considered that landso Off-site highways works w issues beyond mitigation development. With no adve outweigh the substantial be highways improvements i indicated a decision contrar
Land West of Elm Lane, Minster on Sea	APP/V2255/W/22/3298959	Outline planning application for residential development for up to 100 dwellings	Swale Borough Council	Land Allocation Ltd	Dismissed	Proposal on an open field ju would have an unacceptabl character and appearance of a clearly defined settlement wider arable landscape the appreciated in views and a set footpath crossing the site. would appear as a prominent distinct from the town. So boundaries of the site were development than success there would be an undenial accepted five-year shortfall
Land at Oakley Farm, Cheltenham	APP/B1605/W/21/3273053	Development comprising up to 250 residential dwellings	Cheltenham Borough Council	Robert Hitchens Ltd	Allowed	Proposal in an Area of Outs it could only demonstrate a appellant claimed the figur shortfall was very substan remedy, and the proposed an important contribution there would be an adverse a and long-range views by th development surrounding slopes of an escarpment. extension to the town and surrounded by AONB and ge be met in another way. The the development and that t

and adjacent to the edge of a market town. The application but chose not to defend the appeal. uncil and neighbouring village parish council n as a Rule 6 party. It was agreed between the incil currently had only a 3.52 years of supply of osed urban extension would provide adequate asures and would make adequate provision for cal services, amenities and infrastructure arising In alleged heritage harm, no harm to the setting her listed buildings or to the town centre ff-site highway works and effects was found. The result in coalescence of the town with a village Iscape impacts would be adequately mitigated. would help address existing network capacity n of the effects of traffic generated by the verse impacts to significantly and demonstrably benefits of housing and other benefits including in a tilted balance, material considerations rary to the development plan.

just outside the settlement boundary of a town able effect of more than local magnitude on the e of the area. The steeply sloping field abutting nent edge had a stronger relationship with the than it did with the urban fringe, notably a sense of tranquillity experienced from a public te. The relatively high density housing estate nent intrusion into the countryside and visually Suggested landscaping measures around the ere aimed more at obscuring an unacceptable ssfully integrating it into the landscape. While iable benefit from provision of housing given an fall, this was outweighed in the overall balance.

utstanding Natural Beauty. The council accepted te a 2.9 year housing land supply, whereas the gure should be 1.6 years. On either basis, the tantial with little prospect of a timely plan-led ed houses including 100 affordable would make on towards meeting housing needs. Although se effect on the AONB, it was limited in both near the site's unusually urban context, with existing ng the urban fringe fields located on the lower it. The appeal site was an obvious and logical and given the severe constraints of a district d green belt, the pressing housing need could not There were exceptional circumstances to justify at the proposal would be in the public interest.

Land at Toynbee Road, Eastleigh SO50 9DN	APP/W1715/W/21/3284081	Development proposed is 105 dwellings	Eastleigh Borough Council	Vivid Homes	Dismissed	Proposal on a brownfield sit of the New Forest protected to grant permission for addressing layout, design issue was the effect of the protected habitats sites of region. The appellant sou protected habitat sites recreational pressures, cal national park SPD after con this approach had been ac elsewhere. The inspector of authority in that case, the for addressing recreation in sum fell considerably sho regarded as a minimum bas should be setting much hig she was unable to conclude impact on the integrity of th of either recreational press the Regulations, she must
Land At 380227 152171, Great Dunns Close, Beckington, Frome	APP/Q3305/W/21/3289537	Development proposed is 30no. dwellings	Mendip District Council	Redrow Homes Limited	Dismissed	The drainage capacity of the caused by wet wipes and f water was also being disc project had yet to be imple that the scheme was accept it would be premature to g had been undertaken. The the historic problems of dr with ensuring adequate so withhold permission. In r village's conservation are substantial harm at the ver- be outweighed by the public the provision of adequate of
Land North of Warminster Road, Beckington	APP/Q3305/W/21/3288474	Development proposed is development of up to 45 dwellings	Mendip District Council	Stonewood Partnerships	Dismissed	Proposal on the edge of strategy. The council argue was for 55 dwellings and the March 2022. An addition cumulatively represented to the local plan figure of 55 the appeal proposal would concern related to the nee The appellant argued that to developed and consequen adequate. It was conclu- improving its capacity was similar conclusion was re- education facilities since a be expanded.

site on the edge of a town centre, within 13.8km ted sites. The council had subsequently resolved an almost identical but improved scheme n and landscaping concerns. The single main the proposed development on the integrity of encompassed in the New Forest and Solent ought to mitigate effects on the New Forest through a financial contribution to offset alculated at 15 per cent of the sum set out in onducting a visitor survey, and pointing out that accepted by an inspector in an allowed appeal rejected the approach as, unlike the planning e council had recently adopted its own strategy impacts and the appellant's proposed mitigation hort of the required figure, which was to be based on Natural England's concerns the strategy higher contributions. The inspector ruled that as de that the proposal would not have an adverse the European protected habitats sites in respect essures or nutrient impacts, in accordance with st refuse permission.

the system is periodically affected by blockages d fat deposits in the system. In addition surface ischarged into it and a drainage improvement blemented. Although the water authority advised eptable, the inspector disagreed concluding that o grant permission until the improvement works herefore, despite the site being allocated, given drainage in the village in addition to a problem surface water drainage, this was sufficient to relation to the impact on the setting of the area, the proposal would cause less than very lower end of this scale. This impact would blic benefits. Nonetheless the concerns regarding e drainage justified dismissing the appeal.

of a village would not accord with the spatial pued that the housing requirement in the village d to date 100 dwellings had been completed to onal 28 dwellings had been allocated which d two and half times the requirement. Although 55 dwellings was not expressed as a maximum ld involve a disproportionate addition. A further eed to improve and relocate a doctor's surgery. It the allocated site for 28 dwellings might not be ently the capacity of the existing surgery was cluded that a financial contribution towards was required and none had been provided. A reached in respect of the need to improve a local primary school was full with no ability to